DARTMOOR STEP DANCING

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Introduction

These notes were originally prepared for workshops by Ann-Marie Hulme and Peter Clifton at the Reading Traditional Step Dance Group Festival and the Newcastle Weekend 1985.

The material comes from a number of sources. Insofar as Leslie Rice is concerned, visits were made by Clifton and Hulme in March 1978, August 1982, December 1982 and August 1985, and by Ann-Marie Hulme and Chris Metherell in January 1988. A film (8mm) was taken by Paula Earwaker during one of these visits and a lengthy video recording was made by Metherell during the January 1988 visit.

Where Bob Cann is concerned the steps are derived both from field recordings and from a document in the collection of the late T.M. Flett, which gives notations for the Treble Cross Step and an alternative break.

Thanks are due to both Bob Cann and Leslie Rice for their patience and kindness without which the publication of these notes would have been impossible.

Leslie Rice.

Leslie Rice first entered a competition at the age of seven in 1919. Les' uncle Albert Crocker was a famous step dancer and whistle player. Les says he learnt to dance by watching others. He describes his ability as a gift. Les went on to win many contests until they ceased in the early 1930's. Recently he has run weekly classes; one of his pupils won the contest at Dartmoor in 1985.

Bob Cann.

Bob Cann of South Tawton is respected locally and further afield as musician, M.C., storyteller and step dancer. He is an entertainer of the old school. Born 1916 into a family of farm workers and quarrymen he learned to dance by watching his uncles and aunts on both sides of the family. His father, grandfather and great-uncle stepped, and Bob's sister won first prize at Spreyton Revels. Bob's grandfather Sam played for the contests. He was succeeded by Bob's uncle George. The family parties at Christmas were occasions for step dancing. Bob has passed on his stepping to others and revived the contests at his Dartmoor Pixie Festival held each year in South Zeal.

Competitions.

Competitions were important attractions at many fairs and fetes (or revels) held at such places as Chagford, South Zeal and Whiddon Down. They were advertised before the day in the Western Gazette and took place in the afternoon at about 3.00 p.m. and would go on as late as 7.00 p.m. There were often more than 30 competitors. A box 15 or 18 inches

square and 4 inches high was placed on a farm cart in a prominent position. One musician played for all contestants continuously.

The judges were, in their time, respected step dancers, who, though elderly, were required to give a short demonstration before the contest. They did not judge their home contest and were known for their fairness. Contestants registered during the afternoon and drew lots for a dancing position. Entry was free. The dancers were eliminated in a series of three heats. In the 1920's and 1930's first prize was about 10/-. The contestants, some of whom travelled 20 miles or so to enter a competition, included farm workers and travellers. The usual footwear was hobnail boots. Step dancing took place at other social occasions: harvest suppers, spring revels, club walk dinners, in the pub and at family parties.

Music

Many of the old timers played concertina, fiddle and more recently mouth organ or melodeon. The tunes used were even-rhythm hornpipes or schottisches. For examples listen to Bob Cann's West Country Melodeon (Topic Records), especially: Uncle George's Hornpipe and Schottische Hornpipe.

Typical sequence.

A typical sequence for competition comprised three setting steps and three steps (Note: each is danced twice). For example Leslie Rice most commonly danced the sequence LR1 to LR3. In the final round he might use a more complex step such as the "Double Back Step" as the final step, in place of one of the three.

2.050

Leslie Rice's Finish

1 1	jur	mp=	A/F:A/F
2	toe tap)		B:
&	heel swivel tap) THT		B,B:
a	toe tap)		B:
3	<u>flat step</u>)		λ:
and	X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	shuffle	:B,B
4	0.1		
and	10)	<u>step=</u>	:RC
5	heel drop		À:
6	Late and construction of the	catch out	:RCT,A,C T
7		flat touch	C:
8			
Notes	•		

- 1. The jump= on beat 1 is very low, the rise being only an inch or so.
- 2. The heel drop on beat 5 is sometimes danced as a step. This is particularly evident on the 1987 film.
- 3. The catch out on beat 7 is sometimes danced as a tip tap in RC. Once again this is well shown on the 1987 film.

Setting Step LR1.

1 1 1		touch	:B
2		step	:λ
3	touch	The state of the s	B:
4	step	(- 2576 7	λ:
5	が17年7と17日	touch	:B
6		step	:A
7	touch		B:
8	step		A:

Step is three times through off same foot and finish.

Repeat all off the same foot.

Notes.

1. Les Rice says to start the repeat of the whole setting movement as above, but has been observed dancing this on the reverse beat, the movements thus becoming:

4		touch	:B	
1		step	: А	
2	touch	the state of the state of	B:	
3	step	المنافع المناف	A:	

This necessitates a pause on beat 4 immediately preceding the finish.

Step LR1.

1		step	:A/F*
and	step		В:
2		<u>step</u>	: А
and	heel tap		C:
3	step		A/F*:
and		<u>step</u>	:B
4	step		A:
and		heel tap	:C

Notes:

1. The first beat is emphasised with almost a drop onto the foot.

Setting Step LR2.

181		toe tap) TH	:B/C
and		heel tap)	:B/C
		flat step	:A
1 2	toe tap) TH		B/C:
and	heel tap)		B/C:
3	<u>flat</u> <u>step</u>	1 500	λ:
4		toe tap) TH	:B/C
and		hee tap)	:B/C
5		<u>flat</u> step	:A
6	toe tap) TH		B/C:
and	heel tap)		B/C:
7	<u>flat step</u>		A:

Six times through off the same foot and finish. Repeat all starting on the same foot.

Step LR2

1 1		step	:λ/F XE/F:
and 2	<u>step</u>	step	:A/F
and	heel catch out	a to overly placed the	XET, XC, A/FT
and	<u>step</u>	step	:XÉ/F
4	step		A/F: :XET, XC, A/FT
and		heel catch out	: AET, AC, AFT

Six times through off the same foot and finish. Repeat all starting on the same foot.

Setting Step LR3.

1 2	the transfer	toe (R) tap	:XÉ
3	toe (L) tap	Contract	XÈ:
5	<u>step</u>	toe (R) tap	:XÉ
6		step	: À
7	toe (L) tap		XÈ:
8	step		λ:

Six times through off the same foot and finish. Repeat all starting on the same foot.

Step LR3.

<u>step</u>	:A
sten	F*:
scep	F/G:
	A:
step	:F*
heel tap	A: :F/G
	step step

Six times through off the same foot and finish. Repeat all starting on the same foot. The way Les naturally does the heel tap out to the side is to describe a very small circle: tapping out and fractionally forward on the way back into place.

Setting Step LR4.

1 1		toe (L) tap	:F	
2		step	:А	
3	toe (R) tap		F:	
4	step		A:	

Notes: Alternative versions of this step are with Toe Heel, and Toe Heel Toe in place of the toe tap on beats 1 & 3 (See setting steps LR3 & 5 for timings). The foot is not turned out, and should not hit the outside of the box.

Step LR4. (Albert Crocker's Double Back Step)

See additional notes attached.

Setting Step LR5

8		toe tap)	: A/B
&		heel tap)THT	:A/B
a	get (70) seed -	toe tap)	:A/B
1	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	<u>flat step</u>	:A
2	toe tap)		A/B:
&	heel tap)THT		A/B:
a	toe tap)		A/B:
3	flat step		λ:

Six times through off the same foot and finish. Repeat all starting on the same foot.

and 2 and	step heel catch	<u>step</u> <u>step</u>	:A/F XE/F: :A/F XE/F;XČ,A/F↑:
B	shunt= shunt=(shunt= shunt=(forward) =(back) forward) =(back) forward) =(back) step	B:B A:A B:B A:A B:B A:A :A/F XE/F: :A/F
and C 7 8 1 2	shunt= shunt=(forward) =(back) forward) =(back)	XE/F7, XC, A/F : B:B A:A B:B A:A
8 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	shunt=(forward) =(back) toe tap catch out flat touch	B:B A:A :RC :RC ⁷ ,A,C ⁷ :C
Step	is A A A A B A A A C a R L R L = L R L =	and finish. Repeat all off	the same foot.

BOB CANN'S STEPS

Setting Step BC1

1		tap	:B
2		step	:A
3	tap		B:
4	step		λ:

Six times through off the same foot and finish. Repeat all starting on the same foot.

Notes:

1. It will be seen that this is almost identical to Les Rice's first setting step, except that the foot is tapped rather than touched on ground.

Step BC1

	<u>step</u>	:A/F*
step	step	XC:
	step	step

Twelve times through off the alternate feet and finish. Repeat all starting on the same foot.

Notes:

- 1. This is a simple version of Les Rice's first step.
- 2. Beat 2 often becomes a forward shunt rather than a step.

Setting Step BC2

A			
1 1	flat step		A:
B 2	heel drop	T I make	A:
&	UNIVERSAL STATES	tap	:A
a		heel touch tup	:A
3		toe drop	:A
4		heel drop	:A
&	tap		λ:
a	heel touch tup	- 1 - California - Cal	A:
5	toe drop		λ:
- I		mor through off alternat	to feet and

Step is A then B part 11 times through off alternate feet and finish. Repeat all off the same foot.

Step BC2

1 1	A state of the later	step	:A/F
and 2	step	step	X/C: :A/F
and	step		C: :A/F
and	step	<u>step</u>	XE/C:
4	gas treat	step	:A/F

Six times through off alternate feet and finish. Repeat all starting on the same foot.

Step BC3

Δ.			
1		<u>ste</u> p	:A/F*
and	step	step	XC:
2 3	step	<u>scep</u>	λ/F*:
and		step	:XC
4	step		A:
3			
1		step	:A/F
and	<u>step</u>	AND MINER I HALL	X/C:
2	and the same of th	step	:A/F C:
and 3	step	step	:A/F
and	step	<u> </u>	XE/C:
4		step	:A/F
ten is	A B A B B B and fin	 ish.	Land May
ceb 12	, , , , ,		
	RRLLRL	Repeat all off the	same foot

Bob Cann's Finish

1	4.00%	heel tap	:B
and		tap	: А
2		heel tap	:В
and	the bin seek to	tap	:А
3		heel tap	:B
and		<u>flat</u> step	: А
	eel tap		В:
	atch in		B↑, A, RC1:
	step		RC:
5		<u>flat</u> step	:A
7 fla	t step=		λ:

Additional Steps November 1989

Treble Cross Step (from Tom Flett's Collection - probably Bob Cann's)

Quadruple pas de basque. Three times through

Break (from Tom Flett's Collection - probably Bob Cann's)

1		step	:A
and	step		B:
2		step	:A
and	step	4 5 4 5 5	E:
3		step	:A
and	step		B:
4	-	step	:A
and	touch		C:
5	touch		RC:
6	step		A:
7		<u>step=</u>	:A
8			

Please note that the following step is a suggestion for how Leslie Rice may possibly have wanted the "Double Back Step" to go. His various attempts at dancing this step have been analysed, as well as his hand descriptions of the pattern. However this cannot be said to be definitive.

		toe tap)	:B
	No. of the second	heel tap)THT	:B
		toe tap)	:B
	200	step	:A
	toe tap)		B:
	heel tap)THT		B:
	toe tap)		B:
	step		A:
		toe tap)	:B
		heel tap)THT	:B
		toe tap)	:B
		step	:A
	toe tap (pick)		RC:
	touch		C:
1		Table Table	l .3/D
		toe tap	:A/B
		1 - 1 1 4	1 .D
		ball tap	:B
		heel tap	:B
		heel tap toe tap	:B :B
		heel tap toe tap toe tap (pick)	:B :B :RC
	too tan	heel tap toe tap	:B :B :RC :A
	toe tap	heel tap toe tap toe tap (pick)	:B :B :RC :A
	ball tap	heel tap toe tap toe tap (pick)	:B :B :RC :A A/B: B:
	ball tap heel tap	heel tap toe tap toe tap (pick)	:B :B :RC :A A/B: B: B:
	ball tap	heel tap toe tap toe tap (pick)	:B :B :RC :A A/B: B:

Step is A A B A , , , , , R L R L

